TO: Environmental Defense Action Fund

FR: Morning Consult

**DT**: July 2021

**RE:** Results: Idaho Respondents' Perceptions of Wildfires and

Extreme Heat



MORNING CONSULT

Majorities of Idaho respondents support a wide array of measures to prevent wildfires, including expanding energy efficiency programs and increasing funding for the U.S. forest service. ID respondents believe in the importance of building resilience to wildfires through better forest management across all levels of government, and among private landowners. A majority of ID respondents view action around the underlying climate-related factors that cause drought as important for lawmakers to address.

#### SUPPORT FOR POLICIES

ID RESPONDENTS EXPRESS SUPPORT FOR A VARIETY OF PROPOSALS AIMED AT CURBING THE IMPACT OF WILDFIRES AND EXTREME HEAT.

Percentage of ID Respondents Who Support the Following Measures to Reduce the Impacts of Wildfires and Extreme Heat						
% Support (strongly + somewhat)	Increasing funding for the U.S. forest service that would specifically be designated for preventing wildfires	Removing vegetation at risk of starting wildfires, such as dead trees, and selling or recycling it in order to generate revenue for restoration efforts	Investing in alert systems to notify atrisk communities when they may be in danger of a wildfire	Expanding energy efficiency programs to reduce the strain on electricity, gas and water systems, and our citizens' wallets		
ID Respondents	83%	81%	76%	78%		
ID Independents*	78%	76%	74%	75%		
ID Republicans*	81%	85%	72%	76%		
ID Suburban Respondents**	85%	87%	76%	78%		
ID Rural Respondents**	83%	80%	79%	79%		

Methodology: This poll was conducted between June 17-June 26, 2021 among a sample of 200 Idaho Adults. The interviews were conducted online and the data were weighted to approximate a target sample of Adults based on gender, age, educational attainment, race, marital status, population density, and home ownership. Results from the full survey have a margin of error of plus or minus 7 percentage points.

### Percentage of ID Respondents Who Support the Following Measures to Reduce the Impacts of Wildfires and Extreme Heat (Cont.)

% Support (strongly + somewhat)	Increasing research around the causes of wildfires and the best solutions for preventing and managing them	Adopting stronger pollution limits for vehicles and power plants in order to increase air quality	Implementing policy and technical solutions that even the burden among citizens during a power outage crisis
ID Respondents	76%	61%	61%
ID Independents*	72%	58%	57%
ID Republicans*	79%	55%	57%
ID Suburban Respondents**	77%	62%	60%
ID Rural Respondents**	82%	63%	62%

# RESPONDENTS IN IDAHO SAY BUILDING RESILIENCE TO WILDFIRES BY INVESTING IN BETTER FOREST MANAGEMENT IS IMPORTANT ACROSS ALL LEVELS OF GOVERNMENT AND AMONG PRIVATE LANDOWNERS.

 Around four in five ID respondents say it's important (very + somewhat) for the federal government (78%), state government (84%), local government (84%) and private landowners (80%) to invest in better forest management to build resilience to wildfires.

A MAJORITY OF ID RESPONDENTS ALSO SAY THEY'RE MORE LIKELY TO VOTE FOR A U.S. SENATE CANDIDATE RUNNING IN THEIR STATE IF THAT CANDIDATE WERE TO SUPPORT AGGRESSIVE ACTION TO ADDRESS WILDFIRES (56%).

## Percentage of ID Respondents Who Would Be More Likely to Vote for a U.S. Senate Candidate Who Supports Aggressive Action to Address Wildfires

% More Likely (much + somewhat)	Wildfires	
ID Respondents	56%	
ID Suburban Respondents**	51%	
ID Rural Respondents**	55%	

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#### CONCERN AND IMPACT

### CONCERN ABOUT WILDFIRES AND EXTREME HEAT IS HIGH AMONG IDAHO RESPONDENTS.

 78% of ID respondents say they're concerned about extreme heat, and 80% express concern over wildfires.

### ID RESPONDENTS RECOGNIZE THE WIDE-RANGING AND HARMFUL IMPACTS WILDFIRES AND EXTREME HEAT HAVE HAD IN THE PAST 3-5 YEARS.

### Percentage of ID Respondents Who Believe Wildfires and Extreme Heat Have Been Harmful to Each of the Following in the Past 3-5 Years:

% Harmful (very + somewhat)	Wildfires	Extreme Heat
Wildlife	85%	73%
The environment	77%	74%
Agriculture	78%	77%
Forests	80%	73%
Human health	78%	78%
Air quality	87%	68%
Safety of human life	78%	76%
Community health	77%	69%
U.S. power grid	62%	61%
Water quality	59%	61%
Safety of personal property (cars, homes)	78%	53%
Tourism and recreation	73%	59%

## ID RESPONDENTS ARE CONCERNED ABOUT THE IMPACT OF DROUGHT AND VIEW IT AS A PRIORITY FOR LAWMAKERS TO PASS LEGISLATION ADDRESSING THE UNDERLYING CLIMATE-RELATED CAUSES OF DROUGHT.

- Majorities of ID respondents are very concerned about the impact of drought on the U.S. agricultural sector (52%), wildlife (53%), and the U.S. ranching sector (51%).
- Two thirds or more of ID respondents believe it is important for lawmakers at the federal (67%), state (72%) and local (69%) levels to pass legislation to address the underlying climate-related factors that cause drought.

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<sup>\*</sup>Party ID n sizes: ID independents: n = 80, ID Republicans: n = 83

<sup>\*\*</sup>Community type n sizes: ID suburban respondents n = 78, ID rural respondents: n = 85